JScreen Test Panel

The following genetic diseases are included on the test panel. Conditions in bold are common in those with Jewish ancestry.

- 21-Hydroxylase-Deficient Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia
- ABCC8-Related Hyperinsulinism
- Achromatopsia
- Alpha Thalassemia
- Alpha-Mannosidosis
- Andermann Syndrome
- ARSACS
- Aspartylglycosaminuria
- Ataxia With Vitamin E Deficiency
- Ataxia-Telangiectasia
- Autosomal Recessive Polycystic Kidney Disease
- Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, BBS10-Related
- Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, BBS1-Related
- Beta Thalassemia
- Biotinidase Deficiency
- Bloom Syndrome
- Canavan Disease
- Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase IA Deficiency
- Carnitine PalmitoyItransferase II Deficiency
- Cartilage-Hair Hypoplasia
- Choroideremia
- Citrullinemia Type 1
- CLN3-Related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis
- CLN5-Related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis
- Cohen Syndrome
- Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation Type Ia
- Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation Type lb
- Congenital Finnish Nephrosis
- Costeff Optic Atrophy Syndrome
- Cystic Fibrosis
- Cystinosis
- D-Bifunctional Protein Deficiency
- Factor XI Deficiency
- Familial Dysautonomia
- Familial Mediterranean Fever
- Fanconi Anemia Type C
- Fragile X Syndrome

- Galactosemia
- Gaucher Disease
- GJB2-Related DFNB 1 Nonsyndromic Hearing Loss and Deafness
- Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase Deficiency
- Glutaric Acidemia Type 1
- Glycogen Storage Disease Type Ia
- Glycogen Storage Disease
 Type Ib
- Glycogen Storage Disease Type III
- Glycogen Storage Disease Type V
- GRACILE Syndrome
- Hereditary Fructose Intolerance
- Hereditary Thymine-Uraciluria
- Herlitz Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa, LAMA3-Related
- Herlitz Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa, LAMB3-Related
- Herlitz Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa, LAMC2-Related
- Homocystinuria Caused by Cystathionine Beta-Synthase Deficiency
- Hurler Syndrome
- Hypophosphatasia, Autosomal Recessive
- Inclusion Body Myopathy 2
- Isovaleric Acidemia
- Joubert Syndrome 2
- Krabbe Disease
- Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy Type 2D
- Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy Type 2E
- Lipoamide Dehydrogenase Deficiency
- Long Chain 3-Hydroxyacyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency
- Maple Syrup Urine Disease Type 1B
- Medium Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency
- Megalencephalic Leukoencephalopathy With Subcortical Cysts
- Metachromatic Leukodystrophy
- Mucolipidosis IV
- Muscle-Eye-Brain Disease

- NEB-Related Nemaline Myopathy
- Niemann-Pick Disease Type C
- Niemann-Pick Disease, SMPD1-Associated
- Nijmegen Breakage Syndrome
- Northern Epilepsy
- Pendred Syndrome
- PEX1-Related Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum
- Phenylalanine Hydroxylase Deficiency
- Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome Type 1
- Pompe Disease
- PPT1-Related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis
- Primary Carnitine Deficiency
- Primary Hyperoxaluria Type 1
- Primary Hyperoxaluria Type 2
- PROP1-Related Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency
- Pseudocholinesterase Deficiency
- Pycnodysostosis
- Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata Type 1
- Salla Disease
- Segawa Syndrome
- Short Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency
- Sickle Cell Disease
- Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome
- Smith-Lemli-Opitz Syndrome
- Spinal Muscular Atrophy
- Steroid-Resistant Nephrotic Syndrome
- Sulfate Transporter-Related Osteochondrodysplasia
- Tav-Sachs Disease
- TPP1-Related Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis
- Tyrosinemia Type I
- Usher Syndrome Type 1F
- Usher Syndrome Type 3
- Very Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency
- Walker Warburg syndrome
- Wilson Disease
- X-Linked Juvenile Retinoschisis



